

Worksheet: - 7 Subject: - Mathematics

Class:-VI Teacher:-Mrs. Poonam Sunil

Name:-_____ Class & Sec.:-_____

Roll No.:-_____

Date:-15/4/2021

Good Morning Students!

Today I am going to start Chapter 2 ie WHOLE NUMBERS. Go through these definitions and note down.

(Note down everything).

Natural Numbers :- Counting numbers are natural numbers

1,2,3,4,5,6,

Whole Numbers:- Counting numbers including zero are whole numbers.

0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

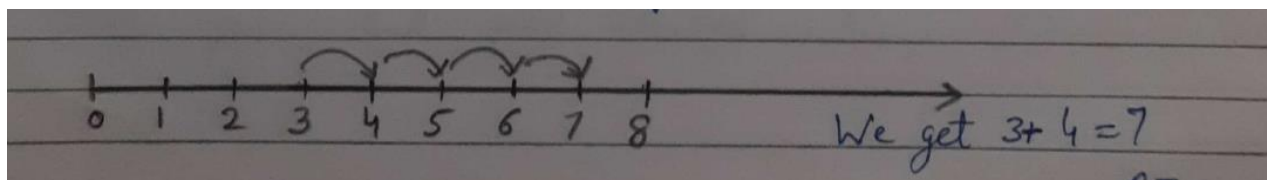
The natural numbers along with zero from the collection of whole numbers

Predecessor and Successor:- When we add 1 to that number we get the next number is successor, When we subtract 1 from the given number, we get predecessor.

The Number Line:- Draw a line. Mark a point on it. Label it 0 Mark a second point to the right of 0. Label it 1.

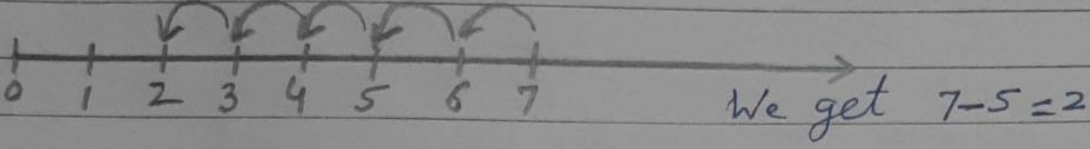
The distance between these points labelled as 0 and 1 is called unit distance. Draw a number line for whole numbers.

Addition on the number line:- let us see the addition of 3 and 4



Subtraction on the number line:

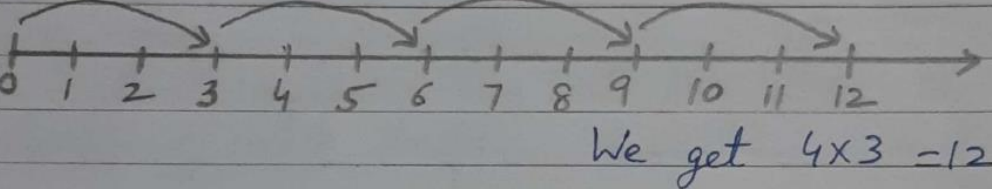
Let us find $7-5$



We get $7-5=2$

Multiplication on the number line: We now see the multiplication of whole numbers on the number line.

Let us find 4×3



We get $4 \times 3 = 12$

Ex-2.1

Q. 1) Write the next three natural number after 10999.

Ans. 11000, 11001, 11002

Q.2) Write the three whole numbers occurring just before 10001

Ans.:- 10000, 9999, 9998

Q.3) Which is the smallest whole number?

Ans.:-Smallest whole number is 0.

Q.4) How many whole numbers are there between 32 and 53?

Ans.:- 20 whole numbers.